

## NOTES CLASS – V

### SOCIAL STUDIES

#### Chapter-17 India and the United Nations

Ans-1) India played an important role in the United Nations efforts for world peace. It consistently supported purposes and principles of United Nations. It played a prominent role in raising concerns regarding colonialism, disarmament and racial discrimination. India was at forefront in the fight against apartheid in South Africa. It took an active part in drafting the Universal Declaration on Human Rights.

Ans-2) Apartheid is a system of racial discrimination on the basis of color which was followed in South Africa.

India opposed it because India is a secular state and each and every person has equal rights and equal respect. So each citizen should be treated equally without determining their caste or creed.

Ans-3) The full form of NAM is Non-Aligned Movement.

Ans-4) Many UN agencies are working in India. They played an important role in development programmes.

i) The FAO has helped in the development of farming and fishing.

ii) UN advisers helped in many sectors such as increasing the production of milk and milk products.

iii) The WHO helped to train health officers and nurses, established medical facilities in remote places and tribal areas and helped in eradication of many diseases.

Ans-5) The NAM is based on the Principles of Panchsheel.

PAGE-113 A. 1)c.1945 2)c.South Africa 3)c.Palestine 4)b.Vijayalakshmi Pandit 5)a.third world  
B. 1)agencies 2)B.N.Rao, Nagendra Singh, R.S.Pathak 3)FAO 4)Third 5)Harare  
C. 1)True 2)True 3)True 4)True 5)True