CLASS VIII - HISTORY CIVICS - CHAPTER 4

Answers only

Book Exercises pg no..(68-69)

Ex I (Multiple Choice)

- 1. Ans:(c) 3
- 2. Ans: (c) satara
- 3. Ans: (a) Portuguese
- 4. Ans(b) 1757
- 5. Ans: (d) Lord Wellesley
- II. Fill Up
- 1. Ans: 1453
- 2. Ans: Sir Thomas Roe
- 3. Ans: Buxar
- 4. Ans: Tipu Sultan
- III. Name the following..
- 1. Ans: Lord Dalhousie
- 2. Ans: Hyderabad & Awadh
- 3. Ans: Robert Clive.
- IV. True or False...
- 1. Ans: True
- 2. Ans : False
- 3. Anz : true
- 4. Ans: True
- 5. Ans: True
- V. Match the following...
- Α.
- 1. Ans : e)
- 2. Ans : a)
- 3 Ans : b)
- 4. Ans : c)
- 5. Ans: d)
- 6.Ans: f)
- B.
- 1. Ans: d)
- 2. Ans: c)
- 3. Ans: a)

- 4. Ans: e)
- 5. Ans: b)
- VI. Short Answer questions...
- 3. Ans: i) The Nawab of Bengal Mir Qasim
- ii) The Mughal Emperor Shah Alam II and iii) Shuja-ud-daulah, the nawab of Awadh.
- 4. Ans: It means double system of administration. It was introduced by Robert clive in Bengal, under which the company had only powers and no responsibility.
- 6. Ans: To obtained the right to trade from the Mughal emperor Jahangir.
- 8. Ans: The Mughal emperor Shah Alam II.
- 9. Ans: The main cause was both of them had trade interest and both wanted to sell their manufactured goods in India.
- VII . Long Answer question....
- 1 . Ans : The various method adopted by the British -
- i) Taking advantage of the war of sccession: Bharatpur was annexed in 1862 after a war of succession broke out between the minor son of the Jat ruler and his cousin.
- ii) Doctrine of Laspe: A policy adopted by Lord Dalhousie to annex the territories of those indian rulers who died without having a natural heir.
- iii) Sunsidiary Alliance: An agreement between the Indian princes and the company with certain conditions which was introduced by Lord Wallesley. This method was used to keep control on indian states without annexing them.
- iv) On pretext : Awadh was annexed on grounds of misgovernance, which was simply a pretext.